Cyber Risk Management Guide for Our Agents and Brokers
This guide includes information on:

1. Why is Cyber Important?
2. Exposures by Industry
3. Small Businesses
4. Middle Market
5. Large Businesses
6. Key Selling Points
7. Cyber Services
8. Coverage
9. Appetite
Why Is Cyber Important?

The information and digital age allows us to collect more data, collaborate more efficiently, streamline business processes, and extract information around the globe 24/7.

Increased reliance on computer systems and access to information can significantly increase a company's exposure to cyber security threats. Outages, mistakes, or attacks on these new processes can result in significant out-of-pocket costs that can devastate an organization's bottom line. So when it does happen, you'll need broad protection from an insurer that specializes in handling cyber risks, offers a full suite of integrated insurance solutions to help minimize gaps in coverage, and understands how to tailor coverage to your business. Chubb has been committed to providing our insureds with cyber solutions since 1998.

Gaps in Traditional Insurance

Businesses may be operating under the belief that their existing insurance policies are enough to cover their data security and privacy exposures. Unfortunately, this is not always the case and traditional insurance policies may be inadequate to respond to the exposures organizations face today. Consider these traditional policies:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Liability</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Liability policies are typically triggered in response to Bodily Injury (BI) and Property Damage (PD) claims. A cyber event will not usually involve either BI or PD and General Liability policies typically don't offer coverage for any first-party costs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property policies typically respond to destruction or damage to tangible property resulting from a physical peril. The tangible loss then permits the business interruption and extra expense coverage to respond. A cyber event, on its own, may not result in physical damage, yet the event can shut down a business resulting in substantial expense costs and loss of income.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Crime</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crime policies typically respond to direct losses from employee theft of money, securities, or tangible property. Computer crime extensions usually exclude any third-party liability coverage and may not sufficiently cover the loss of confidential information.</td>
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</table>
## Exposures by Industry

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Financial Institutions</strong></td>
<td>Financial institutions are highly exposed to cyber risk due to a combination of factors. Cyber crime, hacktivism, and sophisticated attackers carrying out espionage on behalf of a beneficiary are just some of the risks to consider. Vulnerabilities to cyber events can be high as many financial institutions are dependent on highly interconnected networks and critical infrastructures. With a high dependency on technology, most financial institutions will continue to see increased exposure to cyber risk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Healthcare</strong></td>
<td>A broad movement toward digitization of medical records has resulted in the increased reliance of healthcare companies on computer systems to collect and transact highly sensitive personal health and medical data. There is a high exposure to administrative errors due to the reliance on employees to input accurate information into systems. Legacy computer systems are often unsegregated, which increases the potential that one event could have a severe impact on operations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retail</strong></td>
<td>Whether online or brick and mortar, Chubb's claims data shows that the retail industry is significantly exposed to cyber losses. Retail companies often have many locations that may or may not operate on centralized IT systems, a reliance on a complicated network of critical IT service providers, a potential dependency on websites due to the increasing number of online sales, and an aggregated amount of sensitive personal information due to the high frequency of financial transactions and loyalty programs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hospitality</strong></td>
<td>The hospitality sector covers a wide range of operations from hotels to bars and restaurants. Across the industry, cyber related exposures include large volumes of consumer and employee information, an often heavy reliance on websites for customer bookings, and loyalty program information that can lead to privacy issues as it can be a target of social engineering and phishing attacks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Professional Services</strong></td>
<td>With the amount of confidential data collected, the professional services sector is a popular target for cyber attacks. For example, the information and funds a law firm or an accountant holds can be lucrative for an attacker, and the reputational consequences for a firm suffering a breach can be highly damaging. The aggregation of sensitive client information has fueled an increase in cyber events impacting professional service firms in recent years.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Common claims:
- Social - Phishing
- Human Error
- Hacking
- Social - Phishing
- Human Error
- Hacking

*Common causes of cyber claims come from the Chubb Cyber Index*
Manufacturing
Manufacturing is one of the largest industries being targeted by cyber criminals. Significant technology integration is changing how manufacturers operate their businesses. To improve productivity and cost efficiencies, many manufacturers are leveraging the Internet of Things (IoT), digitalization, and cloud services, which all increase the impact of certain cyber events. Recent events impacting Industrial Control Systems (ICS) and Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems have had crippling effects on operations.

Education
Educational establishments are at risk due to the sensitive data they hold on students and staff. Schools and universities often have limited IT budget and resources. Threats are both external and internal, whether it is from a student introducing malware into their network either maliciously or inadvertently, or a staff member not following protocol, leading to a data breach.

Media/Entertainment
Media and Entertainment companies often face cyber extortion threats that may target sensitive material and content. Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attacks or computer system outages may significantly impact broadcasting activities and timely content delivery. The possession of sensitive personal information of subscribers compounds the exposure.

Technology
Technology companies are trusted by their clients and customers to be industry leaders in the cyber security and protection of data, increasing the reputational damage that could follow a cyber event. Cyber events experienced by technology providers can also have an impact on Technology Errors and Omissions (E&O) coverage - please reach out to your Chubb underwriter for more information on our market-leading combined Tech E&O and Cyber insurance offering.

Common claims:
- Malware
- Social - Phishing

Common claims:
- Social - Phishing
- Hacking

Common claims:
- Human Error
- Social - Phishing

Common claims:
- Hacking
- Human Error

*Common causes of cyber claims come from the Chubb Cyber Index®

See what Chubb can offer to small, medium, and large businesses to address these exposures:
Small Businesses - Overview

Despite greater media attention given to cyber events at large organizations, Small and Midsized Businesses (SMEs) are frequently impacted by cyber threats and vulnerabilities. Small businesses are often seen as easier targets for cyber criminals due to often limited IT resourcing and investment.

In addition, they may be less likely to have invested in measures such as staff training on data security, guidance on password setting, and two factor authentication. SMEs often represent a lucrative opportunity for cyber criminals compared to larger organizations that may be harder to crack. They also have to consider they may not be the initial target, but can simply be impacted by an event experienced by an outsourced IT provider or a commercial business partner.

Small Business Claims - Chubb Cyber Index®

The best way to illustrate the cyber risk that small businesses face is with data. Chubb has handled cyber claims for more than two decades. As part of the claims process, we track key metrics such as actions causing a cyber loss, whether a cyber event was caused by an internal or external actor, the number of impacted records, and the size and industry of the affected insured. Through the Chubb Cyber Index®, we share this data publicly to help businesses better understand the risks they face.

The Chubb Cyber Index® provides users with a means of identifying the leading cyber risks their business may face based on the real-world examples of cyber attacks and data breaches. Users can set parameters and view historical trends based on type of threat, size of a company, and which industry that company operates within.

To find out more, visit the Chubb Cyber Index® at: https://chubbcyberindex.com.
Small Businesses - Claims Scenarios

Ransomware

Our insured, a construction company, was the victim of a targeted ransomware attack. The insured's systems were breached following an employee clicking a malicious link in an email. The insured's systems and servers were encrypted and a demand for $900k worth of bitcoin followed. The insured utilized Cyber Incident Response Coaches to instruct IT forensics to establish the method and scope of the attack. Despite not paying the ransom, the total business operations were disrupted for more than six months.

Mitigation

Regular review of IT security, employee training, regular backup of data and establishing both a disaster recovery plan and business continuity plan are steps to take to help mitigate risk.

Disgruntled Employee

Our insured was the victim of a rogue employee who stole in excess of 700 clients' personal data records, including names, addresses, and contact details. They were supplied to the new employer for the new employer's benefit. As this event occurred post GDPR, notice had to be provided to the local regulator's office and the affected parties.

Mitigation

It's incredibly difficult to prevent rogue employees seeking to cause harm. More often than not they have the requisite system access to enable theft of either personal or corporate sensitive data. A Chubb cyber insurance solution provides the tools needed to respond when this occurs.

Employee Error

Our insured, a housing association, inadvertently suffered a data breach as a result of an employee error. When posting a new advertisement for a vacant property, the employee mistakenly included an image of a separate client's records within the online property brochure.

Mitigation

It is important to have an enterprise-wide privacy policy detailing protocol for handling sensitive information. Employees should be accountable for understanding and acknowledging compliance with the policy at least annually.
**Unauthorized Access - Phishing**

Our insured, a logistics firm, was the victim of a malware phishing attack. An employee in the insured's HR team had a pop-up on their computer after clicking a malicious link within an email. The pop-up stated the computer was infected and to call the number provided. Fraudsters then gained remote access to the employee's computer by further deceiving the employee during the call.

**Mitigation**

Even with the best security technology and systems, an insured's most vulnerable asset is often its staff. Staff can be duped into surrendering passwords or providing access to sensitive data. Regular phishing training is advised, and having an insurance policy that will provide the risk transfer is essential.

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**Physical Data Record Loss**

Our insured, a law firm, contacted the Chubb incident response hotline when it came to light that an employee of the firm had broken company protocol by taking client records from the office and storing them in their car. The car was subsequently stolen and the client records were lost.

**Mitigation**

Have a clear process in place for both digital and physical data storage. Regular data back-up is important to be able to recover quickly. Create an enterprise-wide privacy policy that employees are required to acknowledge and adhere to.
Small Businesses - A customizable cyber solution that grows with you

1. Loss Mitigation Services for Small Businesses

To help our SME insureds mitigate common cyber claims trends, Chubb offers a number of services to our policyholders through service providers, where permissible by law.

**Password Management Solutions** for up to 100 employees of each policyholder.
- Effective password management can help minimize the unauthorized use of stolen credentials.

**Vendor Management Solutions** help you clear and pre-qualify third- and fourth-party vendors before they enter the business ecosystem.

**Employee Training Solutions** help your team identify potential cyber threats, protect sensitive data, and escalate issues to the right people when needed.

2. Incident Response Services for Small Businesses

Chubb understands that not all events can be avoided. When something does occur, our cyber policies provide an expert panel of incident response service providers for our SME clients.

These specialists are available 24/7/365 and are prepared to guide you in recovering from any cyber event.
- Experts include incident response management, IT forensics, legal resources, public relations, and more.
- Access to the provider network is included as part of the policy.
- Available 24/7/365 via the Cyber Alert® app or toll-free hotline.
- Can provide assistance following any actual or suspected cyber event—they are there to help in any emergency.

3. Small Enterprise Platforms

Chubb's online platforms (available in select countries) have been designed specifically for brokers to quote and bind preferred small business insurance online. By combining intuitive design with a customer-centric experience, brokers can arrange their client's cyber insurance in a matter of minutes before issuing documentation on the spot.

**Arrangement coverage quickly and easily; includes the same policy benefits as offline:**
- Simple question set
- Wide risk appetite for SME businesses
- Same cyber policy language as offline business
- Access to Chubb's Cyber Loss Mitigation Services
- Edit policy dates, limits, commission rates and contact details without the need to contact an underwriter
- Quote and bind risks within a few minutes

Contact your local Chubb underwriter to find out where we have online cyber insurance capabilities or other simplified SME solutions.

Click here for more information on our full suite of cyber services, including cyber security and more.
Middle Market - Overview

Middle market enterprises face the same cyber security issues as large enterprises, but with less of a budget to spend, and not as many specialist staff to manage this risk. They often take the same view as many SME clients, believing that only large global businesses have a significant risk. As malicious activity has become more sophisticated, the struggle for middle market businesses to defend themselves is now tougher than it’s ever been.

Chubb Cyber Index®

The Chubb Cyber Index® provides users with a means of identifying the leading cyber risks their business may face based on the real-world examples of cyber attacks and data breaches. Users can set parameters and view historical trends based on type of threat, size of a company, and which industry that company operates within.

To find out more, visit the Chubb Cyber Index® at: https://chubbcyberindex.com

Chubb Claims Compared to H1 2016 (Percentage Growth)
Middle Market - All Industries
Middle Market - Claims Scenarios

Ransomware
An assisted living facility experienced a “brute force” ransomware attack and had several of its files encrypted. A ransom of approximately $25,000 was initially demanded. After paying a small amount of the ransom demand to obtain a sampling of the decryption tool, the company decided to instead rely on its backups to restore its systems.

Mitigation
Investing in security technology, while essential to help prevent unauthorized access, is not foolproof. Attackers are constantly evolving their attack methods, and any business has to review their security and procedures regularly to keep pace with the threat.

Employee Error
An employee at a hardware retailer ignored internal policies and procedures and opened a seemingly innocuous file attached to an email. The next day, the hardware store’s stock order and cash registers started to malfunction and business trade was impaired as a result of the network failing.

Mitigation
Regular training to ensure staff are aware of what to look for in suspicious email attachments, and what process to follow should they have suspicions, is critical to help mitigate cyber risk. In addition, immediate access to an incident response coach and a network of responders will enable a swift response.

Data Breach
A hotel network was hacked, leaving potentially all records belonging to both employees and customers compromised, including payment card information from customers.

Mitigation
Detection awareness security is a useful tool for combating a hacker. This allows any suspicious activity to be picked up quickly. Encryption of data is also paramount to ensure breached data cannot be easily removed and used.
Middle Market - Claims Scenarios

Cryptomining

A manufacturing company experienced a ransomware attack that resulted in the encryption of several of its files. After the insured contacted Chubb through the 24/7 incident response hotline, the insured consulted with an incident response coach and forensic experts from our cyber panel. As a result of these discussions, the insured chose not to pay the ransom. However, once the forensic firm began working on remediating the ransomware attack, it discovered that the insured was also the victim of Cryptomining. The attackers had installed software in the insured's system that was mining Bitcoin. Cryptomining occurs when an unsuspecting party's computer system is being used for mining cryptocurrency without its knowledge.

Mitigation

Regularly reviewing IT security is important for a manufacturer to ensure production isn’t affected by an attack. To help minimize disruption should it be caught up in a future attack, the company needs to consider developing a disaster recovery plan and a business continuity plan. Security technology, while important to help prevent unauthorized access, is not foolproof. Attackers are constantly evolving their attack methods, and all businesses must review their security and procedures regularly to keep pace with the threats.

Data Theft Results in Extortion, Business Interruption, and Extra Expense

An unknown organization hacked a law firm's network and may have gained access to sensitive client information, including a public company’s acquisition target and a number of class-action lists containing plaintiffs’ Personally Identifiable Information (PII). The forensic technician hired by the law firm determined that the malware was sent in an email which evaded email filtering controls, and also tricked a user into clicking a malicious link in order to execute itself within the organization’s network.

Mitigation

Training staff to attempt to prevent opening malicious email is important. In addition, businesses should have IT security in place to catch malware should it slip through the net.
Middle Market - A customizable cyber solution to fit your business

1. Loss Mitigation Services for Middle Market

To help our Middle Market insureds mitigate common cyber claims trends, Chubb offers a number of services to our policyholders.

**Password Management Solutions** included in the policy for up to 100 employees of each policyholder.
- Effective password management can help minimize the unauthorized use of stolen credentials.

**Phishing Training Simulations** are available to policyholders.
- Phishing is one of the fastest growing causes for cyber losses, and simple training for employees can be an effective tool to minimize a phishing attack penetrating Middle Market companies.

2. Incident Response Services for Middle Market

Responding quickly and effectively to a cyber event is key to minimizing impact and losses - for when something does occur, our cyber policies provide access to an expert panel of incident response service providers for our Middle Market clients. These specialists are available 24/7/365 and are prepared to help your business recover from any cyber event.

- Experts include incident response management, IT forensics, legal resource, public relations experts, and cyber extortion negotiators.
- Flexible to use our panel of providers or any vendors that you have already contracted with as part of a cyber incident response plan.
- Available 24/7/365 via the Cyber Alert® app.

Click here for more information on our full suite of cyber services, including cyber security and more.
Large Businesses - Overview

As the number of highly publicized cyber attacks on large and multinational companies has increased in recent years, the demand for cyber insurance has escalated rapidly. The growing demand has been fueled by intensified pressure on boards to demonstrate an accurate assessment of cyber risk, increased regulatory oversight, and an expanded need for information sharing amongst colleagues and partners. Boards and risk managers recognize that cyber insurance should be more than just risk transfer. Chubb's offering for Large Businesses provides a global-yet-flexible incident response solution, extensive multinational program options, captive fronting abilities, and meaningful capacity through our Global Cyber Facility.

Incident Response Services for Large Businesses

Cyber incident response plans are often established and frequently tested by larger organizations - Chubb's cyber incident response services are intended to supplement what is already in place. Our team of cyber incident response coaches are prepared to work with an insured's preferred specialist vendors, even if they are not part of the Chubb panel.

- Policy includes the use of vendors with whom our customers have already contracted as part of a cyber incident response plan.
- Our global network of local incident response teams are designed to meet the needs of multinational risks.
- Chubb's Cyber Alert® app, designed for a risk manager or IT manager, connects to our incident response and claims team to streamline expert assistance and policy response.
Large Businesses

1 Multinational Programs

The global nature of cyber risk requires companies to understand how their policies can respond to an international event, and what restrictions might apply. Structuring an efficient, cost-effective multinational insurance program requires a close understanding of the evolving cyber regulatory environment.

Some specific questions when considering a multinational insurance program:

- Where are the entities located? Restrictions may differ between countries.
- Do countries allow a non-admitted insurer to pay losses directly to the local entity? What are the specific country restrictions?
- Does the client want to protect insureds locally? Benefits from a local policy include: local claims payments, local policy language, and local claims handling.

Chubb’s multinational cyber capabilities:

Chubb can offer multinational cyber programs locally and cover more than 35 countries around the world, serviced by Chubb’s fully staffed global services team with the expertise and specialists prepared to assist with multinational insurance needs.

2 Global Cyber Facility

A broad cyber risk management solution for Large Businesses.

Whom does this apply to?

- Organizations with more than $1B in annual revenue.
- All industry classes, including retailers, financial institutions, and manufacturers.

Components to the offering:

- Pre-event loss control services from globally recognized cyber defense organizations to address cyber deficiencies identified during risk assessment.
- Risk transfer policy.
- Post-event incident response and claims management.

Key policy coverage:

- Primary limits available from $30M to $100M of Chubb capital accretive to the market to support large towers.
- DIC/DIL endorsements available to fill gaps between an organization’s cyber, casualty, and property policies.
- Flexible policy form available.

What is the process?

- Proactively begin sales process three months prior to market tender.
- Proprietary Chubb assessment to analyze an organization’s risk profile.
- Direct engagement between client and Chubb underwriting.
Large Businesses

3 Captives

Managing cyber risk within a captive is becoming increasingly relevant for multinational companies that find a combination of risk transfer and risk retention meaningful. Captives are becoming a common solution to maintain adequate but manageable premiums, or to carve out local policy deductibles into a consolidated structure.

A captive can also provide more comprehensive coverage than what is available in the commercial insurance market for the parent company. This allows a company to gain an understanding of its exposures and to capture loss information so that an insurer or reinsurer will then be able to take on the risk at an appropriate limit and premium.

### Why

- Optimize risk transfer
- Provide diversification
- Act as incubator
- Access to add-on services

### How

- Various structures possible
- Small primary/large deductible layers
- Quota share of large programs
- Peril specific

### Challenges

- Uncertainty/understanding exposure
- Pricing of retention layer
- Aggregation with other lines
Key Selling Points

Not all of your clients will understand the importance of a cyber insurance policy, or all of the benefits that one can provide. We’ve put together a few key selling points to help you explain some of these benefits to your clients.

- **Affirmative protection**
  Traditional insurance policies may be inadequate to respond to cyber exposures. A cyber policy is specifically designed to address these gaps and give you affirmative protection against exposure that can be difficult to grasp.

- **You don’t have to be the target to be affected**
  Cyber attacks can spread through your suppliers or your outsourced technology providers, leading to significant impact even when you aren’t the target. Chubb has seen significant collateral damage from cyber incidents originating at separate companies. What if your data storage provider is the target of a cyber attack, and your data is compromised in the process?

- **Insurance covers response and recovery expenses, not just liability resulting from data compromise**
  Liability arising from the loss or misuse of sensitive data is only one potential outcome of a cyber incident. Business interruption, incident response, and digital data recovery costs make up a significant portion of Chubb’s claims payments, even without liability claims.

- **Complement to existing IT teams**
  Cyber insurance does not undermine the effectiveness of IT security teams—it supplements their skills and protects a business from the unknown.
Key Selling Points

**Multinational threats**
Cyber losses are not only sustained locally. Chubb helps companies recover from cyber incidents taking place around the world, including data breaches, ransomware attacks, and other incidents.

**All businesses can be affected**
Cyber incidents can impact any company, regardless of size and industry. Threats can be targeted, employee mistakes can be made, or collateral damage losses can be experienced from a wider cyber incident. Chubb has flexible solutions depending on your needs, maturity level, and size of business.

**Responding to evolving regulation**
New privacy regulations have increasingly higher standards and penalties - and cyber insurance can help you through these changes. Chubb's policy language contemplates new and evolving privacy regulations.

**Adapting to emerging cyber risks**
Chubb delivers emerging cyber claims trends on a quarterly basis, keeping you aware of new risks as we see them. The Chubb Cyber Index® also gives you up-to-date information on both recent and historical trends.
Cyber Services

Bridging the gap between cyber insurance and cyber security expertise.

Purchasing cyber insurance from Chubb is a great first step an organization can take to help protect itself from the financial and reputational losses experienced when data breaches and system outages occur. But protection doesn't end there. Chubb's policyholders have access to a selection of essential mitigation tools and advisory resources that can help reduce exposures 365 days a year.

Help your clients put the power of our solutions and advisory resources to work today. To request information about services or schedule an orientation call with a Chubb Cyber Risk Advisor, visit www.chubb.com/us/getcyberservices, or email us at cyber@chubb.com.

To register for services and for more information, please visit the Chubb Cyber website:

www.chubb.com/us/getcyberservices
Cyber Services

**Cyber Incident Response Solutions**
Deploy tools and assessments that can help identify and address cyber security risks before an incident occurs.

Incident Response Mobile App | Online Cyber Response Plan Builder | Virtual Cyber Incident Response Tabletop Exercise | Response Readiness Assessment

**Cyber Vulnerability Management Solutions**
Stay on top of software and network vulnerabilities that could impact the bottom line.

Chubb Cyber Vulnerability Alert System | External Vulnerability Monitoring | Network Vulnerability Scan

**Cyber Endpoint Security Solutions**
Access solutions to help stop malicious activity from entering and spreading through a network.

Endpoint Security and Response | Patch Management

**User Security and Education Solutions**
Create and maintain a workforce to serve as a first line of defense.

Multifactor Authentication (MFA) Assessment and Implementation Solutions | Secure Password Manager | Phishing Email Simulator | Perimeter Email Security | Security Awareness Training | Cyber Risk Resource Library

Get More Info

Contact our [Cyber Risk Advisory Team](#)

Visit [chubb.com/us/getcyberservices](http://chubb.com/us/getcyberservices)
Coverage - Cyber Enterprise Risk Management

**The Coverage**

**First Party**
- **Incident Response** – from an actual or suspected cyber incident
- **Business Interruption** – loss of net profit and continuing operating expenses
- **Digital Data Recovery** – increased cost of work, data recovery costs, additional business interruption mitigation
- **Network Extortion** – extortion payments and negotiation

**Third Party**
- **Cyber, Privacy and Network Security Liability** – liability following data breach or failure of network security:
  - **Payment Card Loss** contractual liabilities owed to payment card industry firms as a result of a cyber incident
  - **Consumer redress fund**
  - **Regulatory fines** and penalties (where legally insurable)
- **Media liability** – liability following defamation or infringement online

**The Highlights**

- **Contingent business interruption** for outsourced technology providers
- **System failure** includes – human error, programming error, power failure
- **Standard extensions:**
  - **Emergency incident response** expenses within 48 hours for SME and Middle Market insureds
  - **Betterment costs** – improvement of software and applications
  - **Cyber crime** – direct financial loss following cyber theft
  - **Reward expenses**
  - **Telecommunications fraud**
- **Pay on behalf** for incident response expenses
- **Rogue employee**
- **Voluntary notification**
- **Voluntary Shutdown**
- **Reputational Harm**
- **Social Engineering Fraud**
- **Universal coverage territory** applies to both incidents and claims
- Industry’s first introduction of widespread cyber events coverage

* by endorsement
Chubb addresses growing cyber risks with a flexible and sustainable approach. Policyholders may tailor cyber insurance coverage levels for Widespread Events, Ransomware Encounters, and Neglected Software Vulnerabilities.

1 Widespread Events

The world is becoming more digitized and interconnected every year. Widely used software programs, communication platforms, and technology platforms are leveraged and often relied upon by thousands or millions of companies. A single attack upon and/or failure of one of these widely used platforms or technologies could create an aggregation risk that exceeds the insurance industry’s capacity to insure. In order to provide policyholders with coverage clarity and market stability, Chubb provides affirmative and specific limits, retentions, and coinsurance for such Widespread Events.

Types of Widespread Event perils covered include:

- **Widespread Software Supply Chain Exploits**
  These are attacks that allow bad actors to enter systems through trusted, certified software and are effectively a Trojan horse to a system.

- **Widespread Severe Zero-Day Exploits**
  These are attacks arising from certain software vulnerabilities that are known by cyber criminals but not yet known by anyone else – vulnerabilities that can be easily exploited, are severe, and often lack protection.

- **Widespread Severe Known Vulnerability Exploits**
  These are attacks arising from severe known software vulnerabilities that are not patched. The vulnerabilities are considered severe because they are easy to exploit, can be deployed remotely with limited access privileges, and can result in significant adverse impact.¹

- **All Other Widespread Events**
  Certain types of cyber attacks can be carried out concurrently or automatically against a wide number of victims, ultimately causing a catastrophic cyber event. The Internet and some telecommunications services have risen to the level of critical societal infrastructure, and some large cloud computing firms are so widely used that an outage could impact the operations of thousands or even millions of companies.

**Real-World examples of Widespread Event perils:**

- Widespread Severe Known Vulnerability Exploit: MSSP Attack (2021)
- Other Widespread Event: Virginia Cloud Outage (2020)

Chubb’s Widespread Event Endorsement provides concise and sensible loss adjustment rules, including:

- Incident response expenses do not erode Widespread Event limits until after it is determined that an incident is a Widespread Event, with no return of expenses incurred prior to that determination.
- Policyholders can opt out of sharing certain types of investigatory data when it is mutually agreed that an incident is a Widespread Event.
- Chubb’s endorsement ensures that all cyber incidents are categorized as either Limited Impact Events (e.g., a local event with “business as usual” loss rules) or Widespread Events (e.g., a systematic event with structural loss adjustment differences such as limit, retention, and coinsurance), enabling policyholders to purchase the coverage that best meets the needs of their organization.

Endorsements

2 Ransomware Encounters

Ransomware attacks have grown dramatically in both frequency and severity. The loss implications to policyholders are far broader than just the value of the ransom amount. Whether the ransom is paid or not, policyholders often incur legal costs, forensic investigatory expenses, business interruption loss, digital data recovery costs, and, potentially, liability and legal defense costs.

The Ransomware Encounter Endorsement allows for tailoring of coverage limits, retention, and coinsurance for losses incurred as the result of a Ransomware Encounter.

3 Neglected Software Vulnerabilities

Keeping software up to date is an important aspect of good cyber risk hygiene. Many losses can be prevented by patching vulnerable software before cyber criminals have an opportunity to exploit it, but some organizations may not patch software right away. Sometimes there are legitimate reasons why software updates need to be tested before being rolled out, and compatibility, capacity, or simple logistics issues may prevent even a well-run information security organization from deploying patches within the first day or week after they become available. For that reason, Chubb provides policyholders with a 45-day grace period to patch software vulnerabilities that are published as Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVEs) within the National Vulnerability Database operated by the U.S. National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST).

The Neglected Software Exploit Endorsement provides coverage after the 45-day grace period expires, with the risk-sharing between the policyholder and insurer incrementally shifting to the policyholder, who takes on progressively more of the risk if the vulnerability is not patched at the 45-, 90-, 180-, and 365-day points.
To help you better service your clients, we have created the following summary of our appetite. This is not an exhaustive list, but provides general guidance. For unique risks or industries not listed below, contact our underwriting team to discuss your requirements.

### Preferred
- Advertising*
- Agriculture
- Architects & Engineers
- Art Galleries & Museums
- Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
- Chemicals and Allied Products
- Communications*
- Construction
- Engineering and Management / Services Manufacturing
- Food Production / Manufacturing
- General Contractors
- Industrial Manufacturing
- Management Consultants
- Marketing Consultants
- Mining
- Non-Profit
- Printing and Publishing*
- Products Manufacturing
- Real Estate
- Technical Consultants
- TV/Radio/Movie Production*
- Wholesalers

### Accepted
- Accountants
- Allied Health Providers
- Asset Managers
- Computer Hardware / Software
- Depository Institutions
- Doctor's/Dentist's Offices
- Employment Agency / Personnel Agency
- Financial Institutions - Not Otherwise Listed
- Investment / Fund Managers
- Law Firms - Corporate Based
- Mortgage Brokers
- Performing Arts & Theatre*
- Personal Services
- Professional Services - Not Otherwise Listed
- Restaurants / Hospitality
- Retail
- Trade Associations
- Transportation Services - Not Otherwise Listed

### Selective
- Assisted Living Facilities
- Billing Services
- Broadcasting*
- Call Centers
- Collection Agencies
- Colleges and Universities
- Commodities Traders
- Currency Exchanges
- Government
- Hospitals
- Insurance - Non-Personal Lines
- Notaries
- Nursing / Retirement Home
- Public Administration
- Public Authority / Special District
- Retail Savings Bank
- Securities and Commodities Brokers
- Small Schools / School Board Pre-K to 12
- Telecommunications
- Telemarketing Services*
- Title Agents
- Utilities

*Not including media E&O coverages
For more information

To learn more about our cyber offering, please contact our underwriters or visit www.chubb.com/cyber