

# **Chubb Cyber Enterprise Risk Management**

# **Proposal Form**

including subsidiary activities:

This document allows Chubb to gather the needed information to assess the risks related to your information systems. If your information systems security policies differ between your companies or subsidiaries, please complete separate proposal forms for each information system.

Company Information							
Company name:	Website:						
Company headquarters (Address, City, Country, Postcode):	Year Established:						
	Number of Employees:						
Please provide contact details for the client's CISO or other staff member who is responsible for data and network security:							
Name (first and surname):							
Role: Email:	Phone:						
Note that Chubb may use these contact details to support our insurvulnerability alerts, and other helpful cyber insights.	reds with information on additional cyber security services,						
Company Profile							
1. Turnover - Please describe how much turnover you generate annu	ually:						
Turnover Estimated current year	Projected following year						
Global Turnover / Gross Revenue							
Percentage of global turnover currently generated from USA & Co	anada %						
Percentage of global turnover currently generated from online sa	ales %						

Business Activities - Please describe what your company does to generate the turnover listed above,

1

3.	3. Is your business a subsidiary, franchisee, or smaller entity of a larger organisation?  If yes, please detail:						No
4.	teri Ver	ritories including bu	nt not limited to In or any territory th	an, Syria, North Su	or organisations in sanctioned dan, Crimea Region, North Korea, tain US, EU, UN, and/or other	Yes	No
5.		pe of Activities - Do	-		ary offices domiciled ge is required?	Yes	No
a.					se entities are located, and what pe aclude as an attachment to this prop		e is
	Not	e: This information i	is to ensure that ed	ach of your entities	are eligible for coverage in the count	ries in which you op	verate.
	Ado	litional commentar	y on business op	erations:			
Da	ta Pr	ivacy					
Du							
1.					nisations could you be entifiable Information (PII)?		
2.	For	approximately hov	v many unique in	dividuals and orga	nisations do you hold:		
	a.	payment card info	ormation or finan	cial account inforr	nation		
	b.	health information	n records				
3.	Is a	ny payment card in	formation (PCI) p	processed in the co	urse of your business?	Yes	No
	a.	If yes, what is the	estimated numbe	er of PCI transactio	ns that you process annually?		
	b.	Do you outsource	your <mark>PCI DSS</mark> du	ties?		Yes	No
	C.	Please describe yo	ours (or your outs	sourcer's) level of P	CI DSS compliance:		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4		
		Not Complia	nt (please describ	pe)			

# **Data and Information Security**

1.	Please indicate whether you have th	e following cyber and data governance, resou	ırcing, and pla	ınning practic	es in place:
	a. formal privacy policy approved	l by legal and management		Yes	No
	b. formal information security po	licy approved by legal and management		Yes	No
	c. formal data classification policy	y		Yes	No
	d. dedicated staff member(s) gove	erning data and system security		Yes	No
	e. formal cyber-specific incident i	response plan that is tested at least annually		Yes	No
	f. formal privacy law and regulati	on compliance monitoring		Yes	No
	g. cyber security baseline is set at	the central/top level for all subsidiaries to con	mply with	Yes	No
	Additional commentary:				
2.	Have you identified all of the privacy compliance standards applicable to	y and network security regulations and the regions in which you operate?	Yes	No	Partial
3.	Have you assessed your compliance 12 months?		Yes	No	Partial
4.	Please provide additional comments applicable jurisdictions, along with p	ary on any non-compliance with relevant <mark>Priv</mark> plans in place to remediate:	vacy Laws and	d Regulations	in
5.		at your direction collect, store or transmit bied to fingerprints, retina scans, or time clocks		Yes	No
	If yes - please complete the "Biometric	: Information" supplemental questions at the en	าd of this docu	ment.	
6.	Please complete the following quest or minimisation:	ions as it relates to <mark>Personally Identifiable I</mark> n	formation (P	II) storage, pro	otection,
	a. If PII is segmented, please indic exist in a single database or rep	cate the total number of unique individuals the ository	at would		
		n PII limited to a need-to-know basis?		Yes	No
		trols protect or minimise your PII:			
	Microsegmentation	Data anonymisation	Data pse	eudonymisatio	on
	Data tokenisation	<b>Encryption</b> at database level	Encryp	<mark>tion</mark> in transit	
	<b>Enterprise or Integrated</b>	Data Loss Prevention (DLP)			
	Other				
7.	Do you outsource the processing of	PII to data processor(s)?	Yes	No	Partial
	a. Do you maintain written contra	acts with such providers at all times?	Yes	No	Partial
	b. Do these contracts address which a Data Breach?	ch party is responsible for responding to	Yes	No	Partial
	a Data Breach?	against data processors in the event of	Yes	No	Partial
	Additional commentary on PII stora	ge and collection:			

# **Technical Controls and Processes**

network suructure and acces	Network	structure	and	access
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1. Are critical systems and applications hosted centrally? Yes No Partial

2. Please detail how your network has been structured or segmented in order to minimise lateral movement of malware or users within your organisation, or to minimise the chance that multiple services are impacted by the same issue or vulnerability:

Does this utilise:

VLAN Host-based firewalls Firewall configuration (access control list)

Air-gap Software Defined Networking (SDN) Lease privilege access controls

Other

3. Please indicate if any of the following apply:

External penetration testing conducted at least annually

Internal system penetration testing conducted at least annually

Web Application Firewalls (WAF) are applied in front of most critically external facing applications

- **4.** Do you allow mobile devices (including laptops, tablets, and smartphones) to access company Yes No or network applications and resources?
  - a. What percentage of mobile devices are Managed Devices, or you have enabled and enforced a Mobile Device Management product?
    - company issued laptops, tablets, and smartphones
       % N/A
- 5. Does any part of your corporate network maintain remote access capability? Yes No If yes, please complete the below:
  - a. How is remote access to your corporate network secured? (select all that apply)

VPN (Virtual Private Network) Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)

SSO (Single Sign-on) via MFA ZTNA (Zero Trust Network Access)

Traffic Encryption Other:

b. Does the above apply to standard employees, contractors, vendors, suppliers, Yes No Partial and privileged users that have remote access to your corporate network?

Please detail any exceptions to the above, or provide additional commentary:

6. Please detail your use of Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP):

RDP is not used at all RDP is limited to internal use only

RDP is used for remote access RDP is used in another capacity

a. If RDP is used in any capacity, which of the following are implemented? (select all that apply)

VPN (Virtual Private Network) Multi-Factor Authentication

NLA (Network Level Authentication) RDP honeypots established

Other:

# Directory, Domains, and Accounts

7. Do you have a formal **Identity and Access Management** programme in place? Yes No

- 8. Please detail your number of:
  - a. Service accounts
  - b. Users that have administrative access
  - c. Users that have persistent administrative access to workstations and servers other than their own
  - d. Privileged users that have full access to your directory service, including Active Directory Domain?
- 9. Please detail why this number of Privileged Accounts is necessary, and any planned actions to reduce this number:
- 10. Please indicate other controls in place to manage accounts:

Local and domain accounts are regularly audited to check for unauthorised creation of new accounts

Access logs are stored for at least 90 days

Network administrators have separate "regular" and "privileged" accounts with separate authentication

**Privileged Access Workstations** are utilised

Privileged Accounts and directory services (including Active Directory) are monitored for unusual activity

Privileged Accounts are controlled by a Privileged Access Management (PAM) solution

Privileged access require separate Multi-Factor Authentication for internal or on-network access

Please detail any exceptions to the above, or provide additional commentary related to access controls, directory services (including Active Directory Domain), and Privileged Accounts:

#### Authentication

11. Where you have implemented Multi-Factor Authentication, has this solution been Yes No N/A configured in a way where the compromise of any single device will only compromise a single authentication factor?

Additional commentary:

# **Email Security**

12. Please detail how your email activity is secured (select all that apply):

MFA is required for webmail or cloud-hosted email

Sender Policy Framework (SPF) enforced

Secure email gateway enforced

All suspicious emails automatically quarantined

Sandboxing is used for investigation of email attachments

Employees trained on phishing / social engineering threats

Additional commentary on email security:

Applicable emails tagged as "External" or similar Domain Keys Identified Mail (DKIM) is enforced

All incoming email is scanned and filtered for malware

Sensitive external emails are sent securely

Microsoft Office macros are disabled by default

Other

# **Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery**

13. Do you have a formal Business Continuity Plan that addresses cyber scenarios, tested annually? Yes No

14. Do you have a formal Disaster Recovery Plan that addresses cyber scenarios, tested annually? Yes No

15. Please select which technologies and protections are in place to maintain ransomware-safe backups:

Immutable or Write Once Read Many (WORM) backup technology utilised

Completely Offline / Air-gapped (tape / non-mounted disks) backups disconnected from the rest of your network

Restricted access via separate privileged account that is not connected to Active Directory or other domains

Restricted access to backups via MFA

**Encryption** of backups

Cloud-hosted backups segmented from your network

Other:

**16.** Please indicate if the following backup planning and testing practices are applicable:

Full restore from backup tests Recoverability of data is tested

Integrity of data is analysed when testing Restore plan includes specific ransomware scenarios

Data scanned for malware prior to backup Backup procedures exist for email records

17. Please describe the information systems, applications, or services (both internally and externally hosted) on which you depend most to operate your business:

Regarding outsourced services, this may include cloud services, data hosting, business application services, co-location, data back-up, data storage, data processing, or any similar type of outsourced computing or information services.

Name of System, Application, or Service

Provider Name (if outsourced)
If internal put "N/A"

Has a Business Impact Analysis been performed?

18.	Do you maintain alternative systems for critical applications?	Yes	No	Partial
19.	Do you have alternate power for mission critical or revenue generating equipment?		Yes	No
20.	Do you have the ability to procure extra bandwidth from alternative suppliers?		Yes	No
21.	Do you use and test backup power generators, dual supply units, or other equipment to offset power outage or failure as part of business continuity or disaster recovery plans?		Yes	No
22.	Do your software developers receive training on the principles of writing secure applications?	Yes	No	N/A

23. Please describe quality control and testing procedures that apply to any new software programmes (including updates and new releases to existing software) on your network (including minimal timeframe for a new or updated system to pass quality assurance testing before it is made operational on your live network, along with separate development, testing, and acceptance environments)

# Prevention, Monitoring, and Incident Response

24. Do you have plans and protections in place for Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attacks? Yes No

25 How do you prevent, monitor and respond to cyber incidents and alerts? (select all that apply)

Intrusion Detection System Threat Intelligence sources or services used
Intrusion Prevention System Manual Log reviews

URL filtering or Web Filtering Security Operations Centre (SOC) in place

Application Isolation & Containment Managed firewall service

Security Orchestration, Automation, Advanced or next-generation anti-malware and and Response (SOAR) solution anti-virus with Heuristic Analysis

and response (60/10) solution and virus with recursive manysis

Protective Domain Name System
(DNS) service

Security Information and Event Monitoring (SIEM) tool
Percentage of critical log info that feeds into this:

%

		Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR)	by EDR, M	IDR, or XDR:			
		Managed Detection and Response (MDR)	Is this cor	nfigured to au	tomatically	isolate or b	lock activity?
		Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Yes	No	Partial		
	Pr	rovider Name(s)					
		Other monitoring tools or services (please detail):					
			_				
26.	Ev	e alerts from EDR, MDR, or XDR fed into a Security Information ent Monitoring (SIEM), Security Orchestration, Automation esponse (SOAR), or Centralised Endpoint Protection Platfor	n, and	Yes lar) system?	No	Partial	N/A
Ass		and Configuration Management		-			
27.	Do	you maintain an inventory of hardware and software assets:	?			Yes	No
	a.	What percentage of your assets is included in this inventory?	P	%			
	b.	What percentage of your assets are within scope for vulneral	bility scanr	ning?		%	
28	Но	ow often do you perform internal vulnerability scans?	Internal:		Ext	ernal:	
29		you assign risk levels to each asset in your inventory to prior Inerability management actions?	ritise patch	ing and		Yes	No
30		o you operate any end-of-life or unsupported hardware, softw yes, please outline your use of end-of-life or unsupported hardw	_			Yes	No
	a.	Are any of these processes, systems, or applications business	ss-critical?			Yes	No
	b.	Do you store or process any sensitive personal or corporate on these systems?	confidenti	al informatio	n	Yes	No
	c.	Are these systems restricted from internet access?			Yes	No	Partial
	d.	Are these systems segregated and isolated from other parts	of your ne	twork?	Yes	No	Partial
	e.	Please outline which end-of-life or unsupported systems yo used in your business:	u operate, <sup>,</sup>	what they are	used for, a	nd how mar	ny are
	f.	Please outline your decommissioning or upgrading plans ar	nd timeline	s for these sys	stems:		
	g.	Please outline other mitigating controls in place to minimise environments within your network:	e lateral mo	ovement from	unsuppor	ted systems	to other

**Advanced Endpoint Protection** 

Percentage of endpoints covered

%

31.	Do you regularly scan for and disable	e any unnecessary ope	n ports and protocols?		Yes	No
32.	32. Do you have a formal patch management process in place?					No
33.	Target timelines depending on vulne	erability criticality (Cor	nmon Vulnerability Sco	ring System -	- CVSS)	
	Low days Med	lium days	High	days	Critical	days
34	. Please detail your level of compliance	ce with these targets ov	er the most recent 12 mo	nths:		
35.	If a patch cannot be applied in a time	ely manner, what action	ns do you take to mitigate	vulnerability	y risk?	
Ad	ditional commentary on asset and pat	ch management:				
Th	ird Party Risk Management					
	· this section, third party technology pro ta back-up, data storage, data processin	-	_			, co-location,
1.	<ol> <li>Do you perform risk-based assessments on which technology vendors are most critical to your business?</li> </ol>				Yes	No
2.	Please select what is included in ven	dor assessments, either	r prior to contracting or c	luring audits:		
	Information security certification	on review B	usiness resilience certific	ation review		
	Penetration testing	R	eview of vendor's backup	procedures		
	Cyber security rating service	Se	ervice Level Agreement (	SLA) assessm	ent	
	Multi-Factor Authentication r	eview D	ata Protection Impact As	sessment per	formed	
	Data Protection Agreements in in contracts	cluded O	ther			
3.	How often do you waive your right o service disruption?	f recourse against any t	hird party technology pr	oviders in the	e event of	
	Never or infrequently	Sometimes	Always or most of the ti	me		
	Other commentary:					
Clo	oud Security					
4.	Do you utilise cloud applications, pla	atforms, infrastructure,	or other services?	Yes	No	
5.	Do you have a formal cloud security	policy?		Yes	No	N/A
6.	Please indicate which of the followin	ig you have implement	ed to support cloud secu	rity initiatives	S:	
	Cloud Access Security Broker		Secure Access Ser	-		ıforced
	Zero Trust Network Access (Z	TNA) model enforced	Single Sign On (SS	O) used for au	ıthentication	
	MFA required for business criti	ical cloud <mark>applications</mark>	MFA required for	non-business	critical cloud	applications
	Other:					

# Media

1.	Has legal counsel screened the use of all trademarks and service marks, including your use of domain names and metatags, to ensure they do not infringe on the intellectual property rights of others?	Yes	No
2.	Do you obtain written permissions or releases from third party content providers and contributors, including freelancers, independent contractors, and other talent?	Yes	No
3.	Do you involve legal counsel in reviewing content prior to publication or in evaluating whether the content should be removed following a complaint?	Yes	No
4.	Do you contract with third parties providers, including outside advertising or marketing agencies, to create or manage content on your behalf?  a. If yes, do you require indemnification or hold harmless agreements in your favour?	Yes Yes	No No
5.	Has your privacy policy, terms of use, terms of service and other customer policies been reviewed by counsel?	Yes	No
Los	ss History		

1. Please indicate which of the following you have experienced in the past five years (please do not indicate events that have been mitigated by existing security measures):

Data Breach

Malicious Cyber Incident against you

**System Failure Event** 

**Media Claim** 

Regulatory Actions related to data or system security

Data Breach at a third party provider of yours

**Cyber Incident** impacting a third party provider of yours

a. If yes to any of the above, please provide: Description of any claims/incidents and date of occurrence:

Description of the financial impact to your business:

Mitigating steps you've taken to avoid similar future events:

2.	Dat	you aware of any notices, facts, circumstances, or situations that could qualify as a ca Breach, Cyber Incident, System Failure Event or reasonably give rise to any dia Claim or Cyber or Data related Regulatory Actions?	Yes	No
	a.	If yes, please provide additional details:		
Su	pple	mental Questions - only complete these sections if applicable to your business		
Bio	met	ric Information		
1.	Do	you collect biometric information from:		
	a.	Employees	Yes	No
	b.	Service Providers or Contractors	Yes	No
	c.	Customers	Yes	No
	d.	Other (please specify):		
2.	Reg	garding biometrics collected, used, or stored on employees:		
	a.	Do you receive written consent and a release from each individual?	Yes	No
	b.	Do you require each employee to sign an arbitration agreement with a class action waiver?	Yes	No
3.		you have formal written policies pertaining to biometric information privacy juirements that clearly addresses retention and destruction guidelines?	Yes	No
4.	Is v	ritten consent always obtained, and is this explicit consent?	Yes	No
5.	Wh	en did you start collecting, storing, or processing biometric data?		
6.	Но	w long have you had requirements for explicit written consent?		
7.	Ple	ase detail how much biometric information records you hold or are responsible for:		
Ωn	erat	onal Technology		
_		<del></del>		
ing sto	, and rage.	section, operational technology (OT) differs from information technology (IT) in that OT is f controlling industrial operations or physical equipment, while IT is focused on electronic d Operational Technology may include Industrial Control Systems (ICS), Supervisory Control nmable Logic Controllers (PLC), Distributed Control Systems (DCS), robotics systems, and m	lata exchange, process l and Data Acquisition	ing, and
	_	you have a formal OT security policy that includes cyber security?	Yes	No

Who is responsible for implementing and maintaining the cyber security of OT systems and networks?

operated by you

Engineering or business unit

%

Other:

operated by a provider

IT security organisation

a. What percentage are:

3. How many production sites do you operate?

11

%

4.	Are production sites segmented from one another to minimise the chance of multiple Yes No sites being impacted by the same event or incident?					No
5.	5. How do you segregate OT from Information Technology assets and networks?					
	VLAN	Host-based firewalls		Firewall configuration (acces	s control list)	
	Air-gap	Demilitarised zoning (D	MZ)	Least privilege access contro	ls	
	Data diode	OT has restricted Intern	et access	Other:		
6.		elow: to OT secured? (select all		uthoutication	Yes	No
	VPN (Virtual Private N		Multi-Factor A			
	SSO (Single Sign-on) v	ла мға		work Access (ZTNA)		
	Traffic Encryption		Other:			
	Please detail any exception	is to the above, or provide	addidonal com	шенкагу:		
7.	Please describe your patch					
8.	Do you monitor and respo way as your Information To		your OT enviror	nment in the same	Yes	No
9.	Do you maintain and test ba. If yes, how are these b	packups of your OT environackups protected? (select			Yes	No
	Immutable or Write	Once Read Many (WORM	l) backup techno	ology		
	Completely Offline /	Air-gapped (tape / non-n	nounted disks) ba	ackups		
	Restricted access via	separate Privileged Accou	ınt that is not co	nnected to <mark>Active Directory</mark> o	r other domain	S
	Restricted access to b	oackups via <mark>MFA</mark>				
	<b>Encryption</b> of backu	ps				
	OT backups are segm	nented from IT networks				
	None of the above					
	Other:					
10.	Please describe your ability	y to rely on manual or oth	ner workaround	procedures if systems are impa	acted by a cybe	r incident:

Ac	quisitions		
1.	How many acquisitions have you made over the past three years?		
2.	Please detail name of entities acquired, size of entities, and dates of acquisitions:		
3.	When do you audit and assess the cyber security posture and exposure of such entities?		
	Before acquisition		
	After acquisition but before integration		
	Assessments of cyber security are rarely performed before or after acquisition		
	Other:		
4	Please detail integration strategy, timelines, and due diligence performed regarding acquired entitie	S:	
Pro	ofessional Services		
1.	Do you purchase any professional indemnity insurance?	Yes	No
2.	If yes, does your policy contain any applicable cyber exclusions?	Yes	No
3.	Do you operate, manage, or host any technology systems in support of your professional services?	Yes	No
	a. Are data and systems related to such services the responsibility of your customer?	Yes	No
	Please detail:		
	b. If you do host data and systems for your customers, do controls described in this	Yes	No
	proposal form apply to these hosted systems as it relates to resiliency, backup strategies,	100	110
	and data privacy compliance?		
	Additional commentary:		

# **Retail Operations**

- 1. Do you segregate your Point of Sale or transaction processing equipment and networks from Yes No other IT networks?
- 2. Please describe your patch management process and cadence for Point of Sale software applications:
- 3. What percentage of your Point of Sale and/or payment terminals that support chip technology meets EMV standards?
- 4. Please name the provider(s) you rely on for payment processing:
- 5. Are Point of Sale systems protected by antimalware and monitored by your information security resources?

Yes No

Additional commentary:

6. Do you have any franchisee locations or agreements?

Yes No

a. If yes, please provide more information on who is responsible for cyber security at franchisees, and how cyber security controls are consistently applied:

# Coverage

1. Please provide details of your current insurance policies (if applicable).

Coverage - tick if current policy in p		imit	Excess	Premium	Insurer	Expiry Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
Cyber	RM	RM	RM			
Crime	RM	RM	RM			
Professional Indemnity	RM	RM	RM			

#### 2. Please indicate the limits for which you would like to receive a quote

Coverage	Limit					
Cyber Expenses	RM1m	RM2m	RM3m	RM4m	RM5m Other RM	
Cyber Liability	RM1m	RM2m	RM3m	RM4m	RM5m Other RM	

# Statement Pursuant to Financial Services Act 2013, Schedule 9 Kenyataan Mengikut Akta Perkhidmatan Kewangan 2013, Jadual 9

If You are applying for this insurance wholly for Your own purposes unrelated to Your trade, business or profession ("Consumer Purpose"), then You have a duty to take reasonable care: (a) not to make a misrepresentation to Us ('Chubb Insurance Malaysia Berhad') (Chubb) when answering any questions We ask in this proposal form; (b) when renewing this Policy, not to make a misrepresentation to Us in answering any questions, or confirming or amending any matter previously disclosed to Us in relation to this Policy; and (c) to disclose to Us any matter, other than what We have asked in (a) and (b) above, that You know to be relevant to Our decision on whether to accept the risk or not and the rates and terms to be applied. Your duty to take reasonable care for (a) and (b) above shall be based on what a reasonable person in your circumstances would have known.

If this insurance is being applied for a purpose that is not a Consumer Purpose (i.e. for a purpose related to Your trade, business or profession), then You have a duty to disclose to Us any matter that: (a) You know to be relevant to Our decision on whether to accept the risk or not and the rates and terms to be applied; or (b) a reasonable person in the circumstances could be expected to know to be relevant. This duty of disclosure above (whichever is applicable, whether under Consumer Purpose or not) shall continue until the time the contract is entered into, varied or renewed.

Jika Anda memohon untuk insurans ini bagi maksud Anda sendiri yang sama sekali tidak berkaitan dengan perdagangan, perniagaan atau profesion Anda ("Tujuan Pengguna"), maka Anda mempunyai kewajipan untuk mengambil penjagaan munasabah: (a) tidak membuat salah nyataan kepada Kami ('Chubb Insurance Malaysia Berhad') (Chubb) apabila menjawab apaapa soalan yang Kami tanya di dalam borang cadangan ini; (b) semasa memperbaharui Polisi ini, tidak membuat salah nyataan kepada Kami ketika menjawab apa-apa soalan, atau mengesahkan atau meminda apa-apa perkara yang telah didedahkan sebelum itu kepada Kami berhubung dengan Polisi ini; dan (c) untuk mendedahkan kepada Kami apa-apa perkara, selain daripada apa yang Kami kehendaki dalam (a) dan (b) di atas, yang Anda tahu sebagai berkaitan dengan keputusan Kami sama ada untuk menerima atau tidak risiko dan kadar dan terma yang hendak dipakai. Kewajipan anda untuk mengambil penjagaan munasabah bagi (a) dan (b) di atas hendaklah berasaskan kepada apa seorang munasabah dalam hal keadaan anda patut tahu.

Jika insurans ini dipohon untuk tujuan yang bukan Tujuan Pengguna (iaitu untuk suatu tujuan berkaitan dengan perdagangan, perniagaan atau profesion Anda), maka Anda mempunyai kewajipan untuk mendedahkan kepada Kami apa-apa perkara yang: (a) Anda tahu sebagai berkaitan dengan keputusan Kami sama ada untuk menerima atau tidak risiko dan kadar dan terma yang hendak dipakai; atau (b) seorang yang munasabah dalam hal keadaan itu boleh dijangka untuk tahu sebagai berkaitan. Kewajipan pendedahan di atas (yang mana berkenaan, sama ada di bawah Tujuan Pengguna atau tidak) hendaklah berterusan sehingga ke masa kontrak itu dibuat, diubah atau diperbaharui.

# **Declarations**

response preparedness?

I declare (i) that we have made a fair presentation of the risk, by disclosing all material matters which we know or ought to know or, failing that, by giving the Insurer sufficient information to put a prudent insurer on notice that it needs to make further enquiries in order to reveal material circumstances; and that (ii) I have obtained, and will obtain in the future, the express consent to the disclosure and use of sensitive personal data from every data subject whose sensitive personal data is supplied in relation to this proposal for the purposes of (a) underwriting the risks and (b) administering and performing any resulting insurance contract. I undertake to inform the insurer promptly in writing of any material alteration to those facts occurring before completion of the contract of insurance.

Nai	ne of Director, Officer, or Risk Manager:		
Sig	nature of Director, Officer, or Risk Manager:  Date (MM/DD/YYYY):		
Ор	tional Services Questionnaire		
you	ubb has partnered with a number of cyber security vendors that can help you manage your cyluwith meaningful services, you may answer the few questions below. More information on our found at www.chubb.com/cyber-services		-
1.	Do you engage your employees in phishing training exercises on a regular basis?	Yes	No
2.	Do you use enterprise password management software to encourage responsible password practices?	Yes	No
3.	Do you provide your employees with any cyber-related training modules to encourage cyber best practices?	Yes	No
4.	Have you engaged in any planning, testing, or training in regards to cyber incident	Yes	No

# **Glossary of Terms**

Active Directory Domain - is a collection of objects within a Microsoft Active Directory network. An object can be a single user or a group, or it can be a hardware component, such as a computer or printer. Each domain holds a database containing object identity information.

Advanced Endpoint Protection - is a device or software that provides protects and monitors the endpoints on your network. Endpoints include desktop and laptop computers, tablets, mobile phones, servers, and any other device connected to your network.

Application Isolation & Containment - this technology can block, restrict, or isolate specific endpoints from performing potentially harmful actions between endpoints and other applications or resources with the goal to limit the impact of a compromised system or endpoint.

Centralised Endpoint Protection Platform - is a solution deployed on endpoint devices to prevent file-based malware attacks, detect malicious activity, and provide the investigation and remediation capabilities needed to respond to dynamic security incidents and alerts.

Cloud Access Security Broker (CASB) - is software that monitors the activity between cloud service users and cloud applications to enforce security policies and prevent malicious activity.

Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) - is an open industry standard assessment of the severity of vulnerabilities, assigning scores depending on ease and potential impact of exploits.

Cyber Incident - includes unauthorised access to your computer systems, hacking, malware, virus, cyber extortion, distributed denial of service attack, insider misuse, human or programming error, or any other cyber-related event.

Data Breach - means an incident where sensitive personal or corporate confidential information has been taken, lost, or viewed by an unauthorised party.

Domain Keys Identified Mail (DKIM) - is a standard email authentication method that adds a digital signature to outgoing messages to allow for improved verification of sender.

Encryption - is the method of converting data from a readable format to an encoded format. It can only become readable again with the associated decryption key.

Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) - is a solution which records and stores endpoint-system-level behaviors, use various data analytics techniques to detect suspicious system behavior, provide contextual information, block malicious activity, and provide remediation suggestions to restore affected systems.

Enterprise or Integrated Data Loss Prevention (DLP) - are software products and rules focused on preventing loss, unauthorised access, or misuse of sensitive or critical information. Enterprise DLP describes dedicated solutions implemented across an organisation and may include alerts, encryption, monitoring, and other movement control and prevention for data at rest and in motion. Integrated DLP utilises existing security tool services and add-ons to accomplish the same goal of preventing data loss and misuse.

Extended Detection and Response (XDR) - is a security threat detection and incident response tool that natively integrates multiple security products into a cohesive security operations system that unifies all licensed components, typically including endpoints, networks, servers, cloud services, SIEM, and more.

Heuristic Analysis - going beyond traditional signature-based detection in basic antivirus software, heuristic analysis looks for suspicious properties in code, and can determine the susceptibility of a system towards particular threat using various decision rules or weighing methods designed to detect previously unknown computer viruses, as well as new variants of viruses already in the "wild".

Identity and Access Management (IAM) - ensures that the right users have the appropriate access to technology resources, and includes the management of usernames, passwords, and access privileges to systems and information

Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS) - is a device or software that monitors your network for malicious activity or policy violations.

Managed Detection and Response (MDR) - is a managed cyber security service that provides intrusion detection of malware and malicious activity in your network, and assists in rapid incident response to eliminate those threats with succinct remediation actions.

Managed Device - is a device that requires a managing agent or software tool that allows information technology teams to control, monitor, and secure such device. A non-managed device would be any device that can not be seen or managed by such products or technology teams.

Media Claim - includes any claim for product disparagement, slander, trade libel, false light, plagiarism, or similar from your website or social media accounts.

Microsegmentation - is a network security technique that enables security architects to logically divide the data center into distinct security segments down to the individual workload level, and then define security controls and deliver services for each unique segment.

Mobile Device Management (MDM) - is software that is installed on a managed device that allows information technology administrators to control, monitor, and secure mobile device endpoints.

Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) - MFA is an electronic authentication method used to ensure only authorised individuals have access to specific systems or data. A user is required to present two or more factors - these factors being 1) something you know, 2) something you have, or 3) something you are. Something you know may include your password or a pin code. Something you have may include a physical device such as a laptop, mobile device that generates a unique code or receives a voice call or a text message, a security token (USB stick or hardware token), or a unique certificate or token on another device. Something you are may include biometric identifiers.

 Note that the following are not considered secure second factors: a shared secret key, an IP or MAC address, a VPN, a monthly reauthentication procedure, or VOIP authentication.

Offline or Air-gapped - as it relates to backup solutions, offline or air-gapped storage means that a copy of your data and configurations are stored in a disconnected environment that is separate to the rest of your network. Physical tape or non-mounted disk backups that aren't connected to the internet or LAN would be considered offline.

PCI DSS - PCI DSS stands for the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard. This defines the requirements that a company must comply with if they handle any payment card information.

Personally Identifiable Information (PII) - means any data that can be used to identify a specific individual. This may include health or medical records of employees or customers, government issued identification numbers, login usernames, email addresses, credit card numbers, biometric information, and other related personal information.

Privacy Laws and Regulations - describes the body of law that sets the requirements and regulations for the collection, storage, and usage of personally identifiable information, personal healthcare information, financial information of individuals, and other sensitive data which may be collected by public or private organisations, or other individuals.

**Privileged Access Management (PAM)** - describes enterprise processes and technology supporting Privileged Accounts. PAM solutions offer an additional layer of protection, and typically have automated password management, policy enforcement capabilities, account lifecycle management capabilities, as well as monitoring and reporting of privileged account activity.

**Privileged Access Workstations** - is a hardened workstation configured with security controls and policies that restrict local administrative access and productivity tools to minimise the attack surface to only what is absolutely required for performing sensitive job tasks. These workstations typically have no access to email or general web browsing.

Privileged Accounts - means accounts that provide administrative or specialised levels of access based on a higher level of permission.

Protective Domain Name System - is a service which prevents access to domains known to be malicious, and also allows for additional analysis and alerts regarding blocked domain requests.

Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) - is a Microsoft protocol that allows for remote use of a desktop computer. Without additional protections, RDP has some serous security vulnerabilities.

Sandboxing - as it relates to email solutions, a sandbox filters emails with unknown URL links, attachments, or other files, allowing them to be tested in a separate and safe environment before allowing them to proceed to your network or mail servers.

Secure Access Service Edge (SASE) - is a cloud-delivered service that combines cloud based network and security functions such as SWG, CASB, ZTNA with WAN capabilities.

Security Information and Event Monitoring (SIEM) - is technology and related services that provide real-time analysis of cyber security alerts from a collection of sources, including endpoints and applications to allow for improved detection, compliance enforcement, and incident management.

Security Operations Centre (SOC) - is a centralised function involving people, processes, and technology designed to continuously monitor, detect, prevent, analyse, and respond to cyber security incidents.

Security Orchestration, Automation, and Response (SOAR) - is technology used to automatically streamline and prioritise cyber security alerts from a collection of sources, including endpoints and applications (similar to a Security Information and Event Monitoring solution) but offers enhanced automated response and improved prediction techniques.

Sender Policy Framework (SPF) - is an email authentication method that is used to prevent unauthorised individuals from sending email messages from your domain, and generally helps to protect email users and recipients from spam and other potentially dangerous emails.

Single Sign On (SSO) - is a method of authentication that enables users to authenticate securely with multiple applications and websites without logging into each one individually. This involves a trust relationship set up between an application, known as the service provider, and an identity provider.

System Failure Event - is the unintended breakdown, outage, disruption, inaccessibility to, or malfunction of computer systems or software caused by non-malicious means. A system failure event may be caused by a power failure, human error, or other disruption.

Threat Intelligence - is information on current security threats, vulnerabilities, targets, bad-actors, and implications that can be used to inform security decisions.

**URL Filtering or Web Filtering** - is technology that restricts which websites a user or browser can visit on their computer, typically filtering out known malicious or vulnerable websites.

Web Application Firewall (WAF) - is a type of network, host, or cloud-based firewall placed between an application and the Internet to protect against malicious traffic, and other common web attacks that typically target sensitive application data.

Write Once Read Many (WORM) - is a data storage device in which information, once written, cannot be modified.

Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA) - is a service involving the creation of an identity and context-based, logical access boundary around an application or set of applications.

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