# Integrated Memory Care Communities:

Checklist of Essential Risk Management Features



The following checklist is designed to aid memory care communities that reside within a larger long-term care organization in evaluating the effectiveness of their existing practices and protocols.

### Risk Control Measures

<ol> <li>The memory care community (MCC) has articulated its philosophy regarding treatment of memory-impaired residents in a written plan, including these primary goals:         <ul> <li>Comprehensive needs-assessment on all residents</li> <li>Application of evidence-based interventions in behavioral management care planning</li> <li>Reduction of the use of physical and chemical restraints for managing adverse behaviors</li> <li>Optimization of quality of life and independence through activities and environmental design</li> <li>Management of risks related to physical endangerment and bodily harms</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	
2. The designated MCC unit is for memory-impaired residents only.	
3. A memory care bridge program exists for early-stage dementia patients currently living in on-campus assisted living settings.	
4. Nationally recognized dementia care guidelines or programs are the basis of memory care.	
<ol> <li>The MCC has achieved compliance with the Joint Commission's memory care requirements for nursing care center accreditation.</li> </ol>	
6. A licensed medical director employed by the nursing center is assigned to the MCC.	
7. A separate quality assurance committee (QAC) is designated for the MCC and reports, on a quarterly basis, into the quality assurance framework of the larger nursing care center.	
8. The QAC, consisting of the Director of Nursing, Medical Director and a minimum of three staff members, meets at least quarterly to address quality-related issues.	

Community Mission & Quality Framework (continued)	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
<ol> <li>The QAC monitors compliance with policies and procedures, and corrects any identified deficiencies.</li> </ol>		
10. Marketing and admission materials both on-line and in print clearly convey the resource capabilities of the MCC.		
11. An organizational chart identifies emergency personnel with decision-making authority in the event of a disruption in everyday business and clinical operations.		
12. An interdisciplinary leadership team evaluates the MCC's readiness and resilience to external threats, including pandemics and security risks, such as armed intrusions.		



R	esident and Family Relations	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
1.	A top-down commitment to treating residents in a patient, positive, and caring way is evidenced in all resident/family interactions		
2.	Residents and family members are apprised of therapy goals, medication adjustments and side effects, and the overall treatment plan on an ongoing and regular basis.		
3.	The MCC utilizes its website and social media tools to promptly disseminate information to residents, families, staff, and external parties on a regular basis and during crisis situations.		
4.	A family council is established in order to further two-way communication between the MCC, residents and family members regarding resident care, quality-of-care concerns, policy notifications, regulatory changes and emergency-related directives.		
5.	A mechanism for handling resident-family complaints before they escalate to potentially violent encounters exists, especially during emergencies or in circumstances that strain normal operations.		
6.	Shared risk agreements, liability waivers, and arbitration agreements are used to mitigate risky resident behaviors.		
7.	The fee structure is clearly articulated and billing statements contain separate fees for housing and care.		
8.	The discharge policy is provided in writing to residents and their families upon admission, containing clear criteria for discharge.		

Staffing, Training, and Retention	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
<ol> <li>Memory care certification, through such organizations as National Council of Certified Dementia Practitioners and the Alzheimer's Association, is a pre-requisite to employment for professional staff and direct care providers.</li> </ol>		
Prospective employees and residents are screened for past criminal offenses, including sex crimes.		
3. Residents and family members are apprised of therapy goals, medication adjustments and side effects, and the overall treatment plan on an ongoing and regular basis.		
4. Staffing requirements comply with minimum staffing levels for long-term care organizations as set forth in the federal Nursing Home Reform Act, 42 CFR 483.30.		
<ol> <li>Staffing levels reflect true nurse and aide assignments to the MCC and do not consist of caregivers who are shared with other assisted living units.</li> </ol>	r	
6. A licensed RN or LPN is present at all times in the MCC.		
7. Staffing protocols provide for increased staffing levels in response to resident census and acuity, e.g., a ratio of 1 caregive to 5 residents in memory care.	r	
8. Staffing procedures delineate levels that safely permit 24-hour operations during an order to shelter in place, under "surge" conditions, or during an infectious disease pandemic.		
<ul> <li>9. Direct care and ancillary workers, e.g., dietary, recreational therap laundry and housekeeping employees, receive ongoing training to an appropriate level regarding behavioral manifestations of dementia and appropriate interventions, including: <ul> <li>Detecting behavioral disturbances in residents</li> <li>Communicating with behavior-challenged residents</li> <li>Responding to aggressive outbursts and signs of violence</li> <li>Reporting and documenting behaviors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	у,	

Staffing, Training, and Retention (continued)	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
10. Staff members are trained on basic emergency management principles during employee orientation and on an annual basis thereafter.		
11. Skill training sessions include a combination of mediums, such as videos, on-line case presentations, and live clinical practicums, in order to help staff conduct baseline assessments, clarify target behaviors, and identify appropriate behavioral interventions.		
12. All training and skills development sessions are documented, including staff participation and results of proficiency testing.		
13. A career pathway is designated to facilitate upward mobility for entry-level, non-certified caregivers.		

Resident Selection	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
The MCC has a skilled, knowledgeable, full-time admissions coordinator.		
<ol> <li>Information packets and online marketing messages sent to local agencies, senior centers, adult day programs, and geriatric practitioners clearly delineate the services and program offerings, while expressly stating what services are not offered.</li> </ol>		
3. A written resident selection plan reflects the practical and psychological complexities of resident placement by requiring a pre-placement cognitive and behavorial assessment, including a designated observation period for the purpose of compiling a resident's behavior profile.		
4. Resident selection criteria contemplate the MCC's ability to care for residents during extreme conditions, such as natural disasters, pandemics and other emergency conditions.		
5. Prospective residents are screened for fever or suspected infectious symptoms, and asked about recent exposure to persons infected with contagious pathogens.		

Resident Selection (continued)	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
6. A licensed physician documents the diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or other dementia-related condition, and attests in writing that the resident's medical needs do not override the cognitive/behavorial deficits.		
7. A psychiatric examination is conducted on prospective residents that are taking a psychotropic drug or who display acute/chronic depression		
8. Resident selection parameters include the use of rating scales to measure ongoing resident agitation, aggression, and depression.		
9. A determination is made and documented that physically abusive/combative behaviors are manageable through therapeutic and/or pharmacological approaches.		
10. A written appraisal of the resident's physical and mental capabilities as well as agreed-upon services is acknowledged in writing by the resident and/or family members.		
11. Admission agreements and oral representations made during the selection process do not contain misleading promises or statements that can be misinterpreted, such as "the highest quality in memory care," "your loved-one will be secure," or "independent living at its best."		
12. A written policy exists that governs wait-list procedures and other vacancy-related issues, such as specific time limits for removing a deceased resident's belongings.		



C	are Planning and Documentation	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
1.	Resident care policies and procedures outline a systematic process for resident care.		
2.	An interdisciplinary team completes a comprehensive evaluation of resident physical and cognitive needs, in order to enable residents to attain their highest practicable level of functioning.		
3.	A documented consultation with family members occurs during the assessment process to gain insight into the resident's usual routines and activities, in order to understand what prompts behavioral disturbances and craft effective care plan interventions.		
4.	Assessment findings are documented in the clinical care record and promptly communicated to nursing staff.		
5.	Direct care staff can demonstrate where resident assessment findings and care plans are located in the clinical care record, and they are trained on how and when to access the record for documentation purposes.		
6.	A comprehensive written care plan is structured around resident needs and reflects specific care strategies, measurable goals, and timetables for monitoring outcomes.		
7.	Care plans are resident-centered and flexible in regard to routines and activities, identifying triggers for dementia-related behavioral manifestations such as these:  • Anger and physical aggression  • Anxiety  • Self-injurious behavior  • Wandering and elopement  • Sexual inhibition  • Delirium  • Psychosis		
8.	Every effort is made to manage behavioral disturbances using non-pharmacologic interventions, such as:  • Exercise  • Hobbies  • Light therapy  • Memory games  • Music therapy  • Pet therapy		

Care Planning and Documentation (continued)	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
9. Direct care staff is able to describe daily approaches to individual resident care and can articulate how to obtain additional support if interventions are not effective.		
10. Resident laboratory and diagnostic findings are regularly reviewed and incorporated into the care plan, especially the effects of psychopharmacological medications.		
11. Direct care staff and non-nursing personnel have a designated format for documenting specific resident behaviors and triggers on a daily basis, in order to enable disciplines across all shifts to monitor outcomes and revise care plans accordingly.		
12. Care plans are regularly reviewed in collaboration with a medical practitioner, in order to adjust treatment approaches based on their effectiveness and the occurrence of adverse consequences.		
13. Residents who are evacuated from the MCC due to emergency conditions are transported to a new facility with a baseline history, medication administration record and current care plan.		
14. An emergency documentation template has been prepared in the event of electronic record outages to ensure consistent notation of basic resident data, including current photo, height and weight, date of birth, emergency contact information, pertinent medical conditions, medications taken and dosages, known drug allergies, medical devices utilized, treatments rendered and insurance information.		



Pharm	acologic Safeguards	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
	ten guidelines exist for the pharmacologic treatment of ation, dementia, and psychosis.		
phar	cumented consultation with a geriatric psychiatrist and a macist occurs before drug therapy ensues for behavioral agement purposes.		
	ical and clinical criteria for the use of psychopharmacologic is are documented in the clinical care record.		
resid	nterdisciplinary team receives a weekly progress report on dents with behavior management plans, in order to address reffectiveness and adjust the plan accordingly.		
clinic	interdisciplinary team completes a monthly review of cal indications for drug use for all residents receiving two or e psychopharmacologic drugs.		
	interdisciplinary team reports to the QAC to ensure dinated activities and action plans.		
cond	dents who are evacuated from the MCC due to emergency litions are transferred to another facility with sufficient atities of medications and supplies.		
phar	dor relationships are examined to ensure adequacy of maceutical and medical supply inventories during a lemic or other disaster-related situation.		

N	utrition and Hydration	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
1.	An assessment is conducted upon admission to ascertain whether a resident's underlying medical conditions and/or adverse drug effects impede adequate nutrition.		
2.	Admission assessment parameters include a check of pre- disposing factors that can negatively impact nutrition and hydration, such as clinical depression, swallowing difficulties, tremors, and oral sores/missing teeth/loose dentures.		
3.	Family members are involved in the care planning process for nutrition and hydration.		
4.	Dining patterns and food choices factor in personal habits and cultural preferences, as well as when and how long it takes a resident to eat.		
5.	Staff educational programs address the risks of malnutrition in the memory impaired resident as well as indicators for feeding assistance.		
6.	Feeding assistance needs are assessed regularly and noted in a resident's clinical record and care plan.		
7.	An adequate number of feeding assistants are available to assist residents with eating and drinking.		
8.	Care plans include methods to stimulate the appetite, including exercise and sensory stimulation.		
9.	Routine checks for dental hygiene, weight loss, and malnutrition and dehydration occur at set time intervals, with results documented in the clinical record.		

Infection Control	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
<ol> <li>A written infection control plan addresses environmental hygiene, along with required measures to take during an infection outbreak, including quarantine actions to isolate symptomatic residents and those presumed to be infected.</li> </ol>		
2. An annual continuing educational program for direct-care staff includes the basics of infection exposure, as well as topics such as universal precautions, use of personal protective equipment, symptom identification and monitoring, testing and reporting, and resident and family communications.		
3. The MCC engages in regular and ongoing disease surveillance, including adequately screening and testing residents for active viral and bacterial infections.		
4. Guidelines for the extended use of protective equipment are developed and in compliance with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).		
5. Screening procedures and self-reporting directives are implemented for staff and contracted workers who present with fever or suspected symptoms of an infectious pathogen.		
6. Visitation and resident group activities are restricted during infectious disease outbreaks in order to enforce governmental social distancing requirements.		
7. Records are maintained for compliance with federal, state, and local health and safety directives, including regulations from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services and CDC, among other public health authorities.		

Environmental Design and Safeguards	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
<ol> <li>The environmental design reflects input by experts in dementia care, i.e., an open floor plan that permits residents to independently and safely navigate their environment.</li> </ol>		
2. Contrasting color schemes help to visually distinguish changes in surfaces, furniture, and interior décor.		

E	nvironmental Design and Safeguards (continued)	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
3.	Natural and artificial lighting is dispersed throughout living spaces to maximize resident orientation.		
4.	Circulation paths intentionally avoid dead-end spaces, and locked doors are camouflaged to avoid triggering anxiety in residents.		
5.	Simple way-finding cues exist throughout the environment, such as color-coded spaces to reinforce the purpose of the space.		
6.	The MCC has ample and secure outdoor space that is dedicated to resident exercise, hobbies, and special events.		
7.	Safeguards exist in living spaces, bathrooms, and kitchens to minimize the likelihood of falls and burns, e.g., non-skid flooring, grab bars, durable furniture, mixed hot water valves, and heat sensors.		
8.	Access controls for the MCC are designed to limit entry of individuals who may carry an infectious pathogen, including such measures as disease screening, testing and self-reporting requirements.		
9.	The MCC maintains records of unit access by visitors, volunteers, contractors and vendors - including specific dates and times of access - as well as infection surveillance screening activities, when required.		
10	A comprehensive falls prevention program includes the following features:  Resident assessment for pre-disposing factors  Prevention and protection devices, such as clip-on alarms and pressure sensitive floor mats  Shift report formats that help to communicate fall risk factors  Methods to designate high-risk residents in the clinical record and care plan, on the resident's body, and in the environment  Fall-management education for all employees  Tracking and monitoring of falls activity with regular reporting to the QAC of interventions taken		
11	The MCC's backup generator is reliable, fully fueled and of sufficient capacity in case of a prolonged power outage.		
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Wandering and Elopement	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
<ol> <li>All residents are assessed for the risk of wandering and elopement prior to admission, whenever their condition changes, and on a quarterly basis at a minimum.</li> </ol>		
All initial assessments, reassessments, and observations are documented in the clinical care record.		
3. All residents are photographed upon admission and the photos are kept in the resident care record.		
Written policies and procedures are in place regarding the prevention of wandering and elopement.		
5. Environmental alarms at points of ingress/egress are utilized to alert staff to potential elopements, and are routinely checked for proper working order.		
6. Safety measures taken to prevent wandering and elopement are noted on the resident care plan, e.g., ankle bracelets and laser sensors.		
7. Windows are present throughout the MCC to help orient residents to place, season, and time of day.		
8. A daily resident census is maintained during crisis and/or emergency surge periods, in order to ensure all residents remain safe and accounted for within the MCC.		

E	mergency Response	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
1.	An emergency response protocol exists for resident elopements and behavioral emergencies, ensuring the following provisions are in place:  • A code system to alert staff and deploy an internal response team  • Steps to activate a local emergency response system  • First-aid care for injured residents  • Assigned responsibilities for safeguarding other residents from imminent harm and endangerment  • Notification of family		
2.	A written plan outlines a property search in the event of resident elopement, including external roads, bus stops, bodies of water, and high balconies.		
3.	Periodic drills to assess the overall effectiveness of the emergency response protocols are held, and records are maintained of staff participation.		
4.	The MCC has a written emergency preparedness plan (EPP) that establishes a command structure and associated activation procedures.		
5.	The EPP incorporates the findings of a facility-wide disaster vulnerability assessment, including weather hazards, pandemic conditions, and other natural or man-made events.		
6.	The plan includes decision-making criteria for evacuating residents, sheltering in place, or isolating residents who may be infectious.		
7.	The plan estimates the time required to successfully evacuate residents and staff during an emergency situation.		
8.	The MCC schedules disaster drills and other simulation exercises.		
9.	An emergency coordinator is responsible for communicating and collaborating with state and local authorities, law enforcement and emergency management personnel during hazardous or disastrous conditions.		

Emergency Response (continued)	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
10. The EPP addresses the need to stockpile medical supplies, personal protective equipment, medications, and food and water for residents in the event of an emergency.		
11. A written contingency plan exists in the event an emergency or disaster adversely impacts the supply chain.		
12. Supply chains are continually evaluated during a crisis period in terms of resource needs, inventory deficiencies, order surpluses, vendor sources, and delivery protections.		
13. Written protocols for coordinating resident transport during an MCC evacuation are implemented, and include how to account for and track evacuated residents.		
14. There is a comprehensive and written plan for continuity of operations during an emergency, disaster or pandemic, including protection of clinical and financial data.		
15. Written policies and procedures address safeguarding resident healthcare records during an emergency, ensuring that they remain accessible to providers at all times.		



Adverse Event Reporting, Error Disclosure and Risk Management Review	Present - Yes/No	Action Plan
<ol> <li>An incident report program requires prompt reporting of adverse events on a designated form to a risk manager or other person responsible for tracking adverse occurrences.</li> </ol>		
A sequence-of-events analysis of high-risk exposure incidents is conducted and documented.		
3. The known facts of the occurrence are promptly reported to the resident and family, along with an explanation of any clinical implications.		
4. A formal report following an in-depth investigation is shared with the QAC, including actions taken and steps to avoid recurrence.		
5. In the event the investigation reveals the standard of care was not met, a spokesperson for the MCC – in collaboration with legal counsel and an insurance company representative – meets with the resident and family, in order to offer redress and provide closure		
6. Clinical leaders and risk managers continually monitor resident safety measures, including pandemic-related readiness, in order to mitigate potential harm to residents.		



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